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CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM PROJECT DESIGN DOCUMENT FORM (CDM-PDD) Version 03 - in effect as of: 28 July 2006

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SECTION A. General description of project activity

A.1. Title of the project activity:

Title of the project activity: Wind Farm Plandiste 1

Current version: 3

Date of completing version 3 of this document: 04/08/2011

A.2. Description of the project activity:

The <u>purpose</u> of the project activity is the generation of green electricity through the construction and operation of wind power turbines with a total capacity of up to 102 MW located in the municipality of Plandiste in the Republic of Serbia. The expected net annual electricity generation of the project activity is approximately 295,968 MWh once fully operational. By replacing fossil fuel based power generation of the national Serbian electricity grid approximately 332,241 tCO₂ will be reduced per year. The project activity is being developed by Wind Park Plandiste doo (the project proponent).

Situation existing prior to the starting date of the project

Same as baseline scenario, see paragraph below.

Baseline Scenario

According to applied CDM methodology ACM0002 "Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources" Version 12.1.0 - If the project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant/unit, the baseline scenario is the following:

Electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity would have otherwise been generated by the operation of grid-connected power plants and by the addition of new generation sources, as reflected in the combined margin (CM) calculations described in the "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system".

Project Scenario

The project activity includes the construction and operation of a wind farm with the capacity of up to approximately 102MW. The electricity will be fed into the grid at a 35/110 kV transformer station situated in the center of the wind park, which will be built by the project proponent.

The proposed project activity reduces greenhouse gas emissions by replacing fossil fuel based power generation of the national Serbian electricity grid. Approximately 332,241 tCO₂ will be reduced per year.

The view of the project participants on the contribution of the project activity <u>to sustainable</u> <u>development</u>:

The proposed project activity will

- reduce greenhouse gas emissions in Serbia compared to a business-as-usual scenario;
- help to stimulate the growth of the wind power industry in Serbia;
- create local employment opportunity during the assembly and installation of the wind turbines, and during operation of the wind farm and



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• reduce other pollutants resulting from the power generation industry, compared to a business as usual approach, such as SO₂, NOx and soot.

A.3. Project participants:

Name of Party involved ((host) indicates a host Party):	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants(*) (as applicable)	Kindly indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
Government of Serbia (host)	Wind Park Plandiste doo (private)	No
Government of Liechtenstein	Energy Changes Projektentwicklung GmbH (private)	No
	Plus Ultra Asset Management GmbH (private)	

^(*) In accordance with the CDM modalities and procedures, at the time of making the CDM-PDD public at the stage of validation, a Party involved may or may not have provided its approval. At the time of requesting registration, the approval by the Party(ies) involved is required.

A.4. Technical description of the project activity:

A.4.1. Location of the <u>project activity</u>:

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A.4.1.1.	<u>Host Party</u> (ies):

Republic of Serbia

A.4.1.2. Region/State/Province etc.:

Vojvodina

A.4.1.3. City/Town/Community etc.:

Plandiste Municipality

A.4.1.4. Details of physical location, including information allowing the unique identification of this <u>project activity</u> (maximum one page):

The geographical coordinates of the centre of the transformer station are N $45^{\circ}12'44.4''$ and E $21^{\circ}01'17.3''$ (N 45.21233 E 21.0214722).

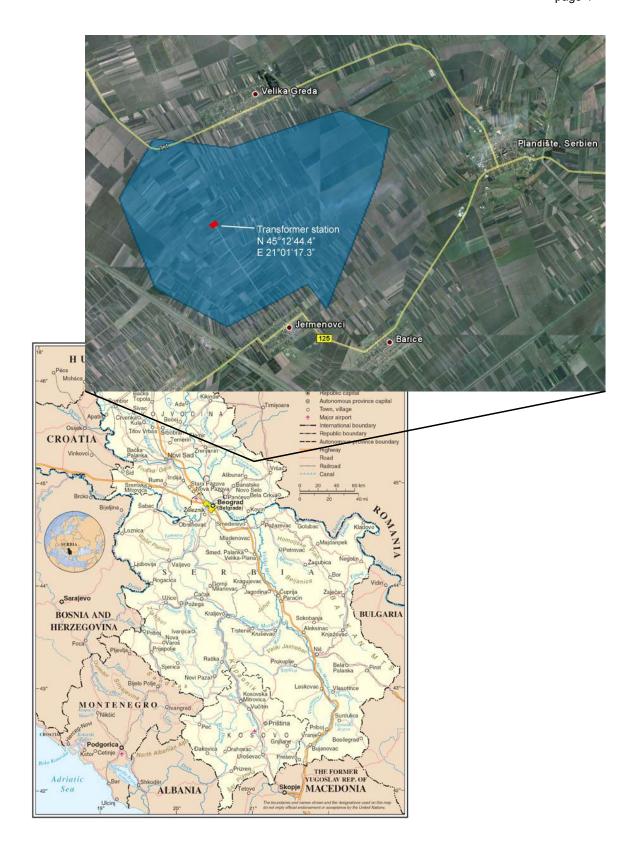
The following map shows the exact location of the proposed project activity.



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A.4.2. Category(ies) of project activity:

Category: Grid-connected electricity generation from renewable energy sources Sectoral scope: 1 Energy industries (renewable - / non-renewable sources)

A.4.3. Technology to be employed by the <u>project activity</u>:

The <u>scenario existing prior to the start</u> of the implementation of the project activity is the Serbian national grid providing the same electricity service as the proposed project activity.

The <u>project scenario</u> is the implementation of the proposed project activity which will consist of the installation of up to 40 new, state of the art wind turbines manufactured by a renowned technology supplier. The total capacity of the project activity will be up to approximately 102 MW.

The supplied power is expected to be 295,968 MWh per year. The proposed project activity is expected to be operated for 25 years. As the Serbian national grid is dominated by the thermal power generation, the proposed project activity will achieve greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions by displacing the electricity from the Serbian national grid. The project activity <u>transfers environmentally safe and sound technology</u> and know-how to the host country since no such technology yet exists in Serbia.

A 35/110 kV transformer station will be built by the project proponent at the project site. The transformer station will be located right next to an existing 110 kV transmission line. The net electricity supplied by the proposed project activity to the grid will be monitored through the main meter installed in the new substation.

The <u>baseline scenario</u> is the same as the scenario existing prior to the start of implementation of the project activity.

A.4.4. Estimated amount of emission reductions over the chosen crediting period:

The chosen <u>crediting period</u> for the project activity is 7 years renewable twice. Annual estimates of emission reductions by the project activity during the above crediting period are furnished below:

Years	Estimate of annual emission reductions in tonnes of CO ₂ e
2013	332,241
2014	332,241
2015	332,241
2016	332,241
2017	332,241
2018	332,241
2019	332,241
Total estimated reductions	2,325,685
(tonne of CO ₂ e)	
Total number of crediting years	7 (first crediting period)
Annual average of the estimated	332,241
reductions over the crediting period.	
(tCO_2e)	



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A.4.5. Public funding of the project activity:

There is no public funding from Annex I Parties for the proposed project activity.



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SECTION B. Application of a baseline and monitoring methodology

B.1. Title and reference of the <u>approved baseline and monitoring methodology</u> applied to the <u>project activity</u>:

Approved consolidated baseline and monitoring methodology ACM0002 Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources Version 12.1.0

Methodological Tool: Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system Version 02.1.0

Methodological Tool: Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality Version 05.2

Methodological Tool: Combined tool to identify the baseline scenario and demonstrate additionality; N.A.

Methodological Tool: Tool to calculate project or leakage CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion. N.A.

B.2. Justification of the choice of the methodology and why it is applicable to the <u>project activity:</u>

The approved baseline methodology ACM0002 Version 12.1.0, applies to the proposed project activity, based on the following conditions:

Applicability conditions in Version 12.1.0 of ACM0002 related to wind power activities	Characteristics of the project activity	Applicability criterion met?
This methodology is applicable to grid-connected renewable power generation project activities that (a) install a new power plant at a site where no renewable power plant was operated prior to the implementation of the project activity (greenfield plant); (b) involve a capacity addition; (c) involve a retrofit of (an) existing plant(s); or (d) involve a replacement of (an) existing plant(s).	image in A.4.1.4, to be	Yes
The project activity is the installation, capacity addition, retrofit or replacement of a power plant/unit of one of the following types: hydro power plant/unit (either with a run-of-river reservoir or an accumulation reservoir), wind power plant/unit, geothermal power plant/unit, solar power plant/unit, wave power plant/unit or tidal	The proposed project activity is a new grid-connected wind farm project and no renewable power plant was operated prior to the implementation at the proposed project activity site (Documentation: see satellite image in A.4.1.4, to be	Yes



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power plant/unit;	confirmed by on site visit)	
The methodology is not applicable to the	The proposed project activity	Yes
following:	does not involve switching from	
• Project activities that involve	fossil fuels to renewable energy.	
switching from fossil fuels to	It is neither a biomass fired	
renewable energy sources at the site	power plant nor a hydro power	
of the project activity, since in this	plant. (<u>Documentation:</u> see	
case the baseline may be the	satellite image in A.4.1.4, to be	
continued use of fossil fuels at the	confirmed by on site visit)	
site;		
 Biomass fired power plants; 		
• Hydro power plants that result in		
new reservoirs or in the increase in		
existing reservoirs where the power		
density of the power plant is less		
than 4 W/m2.		

Additionally, the geographic and system boundaries for the respective electricity grid can be clearly identified and information on the characteristics of the grid is available.

Therefore, the methodology ACM0002 Version 12.1.0 is applicable to the project activity

B.3. Description of the sources and gases included in the project boundary:

According to ACM0002 Version 12.1.0 the following greenhouse gases and emission sources must be considered to be included or excluded from the project boundary of the proposed project activity:

Source		Gas	Included	Justification/Explanation
	CO ₂ emissions from electricity generation	CO_2	Yes	Main emission source
ne	in fossil fuel fired power plants that are	CH ₄	No	Minor emission source
in fossil fuel fired power plants that are displaced due to the project activity		N ₂ O	No	Minor emission source
	For geothermal power plants fugitive	CO_2	Yes	Main emission source
	emissions of CH ₄ and CO ₂ from non-	CH ₄	Yes	Main emission source
	condensable gases contained in	N ₂ O	No	Minor emission source
	geothermal steam			
	CO ₂ emissions from combustion of fossil		Yes	Main emissions source
	fuels for electricity generation in solar	CH_4	No	Minor emission source
vity	thermal power plants and geothermal		No	Minor emission source
cti	power plants			
thermal power plants and geothermal power plants For hydro power plants, emissions of CH ₄ from the reservoir		CO_2	No	Minor emission source
from the reservoir		CH_4	Yes	Main emission source
Pro		N ₂ O	No	Minor emission source

Baseline emissions to be included in the boundary of the proposed project activity are CO₂ emissions from electricity generation in fossil fuel fired power plants that are displaced due to the project activity.



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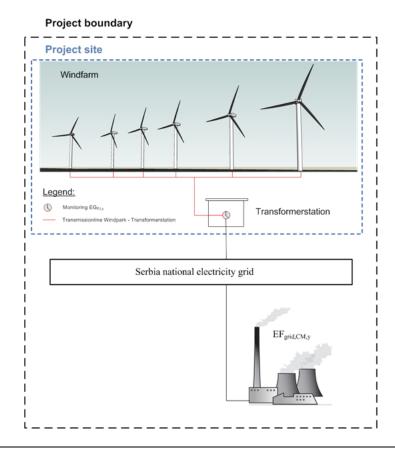


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Since the proposed project activity is neither a geothermal nor a hydro power plant nor does it consume fossil fuels no project emissions occur within the project boundary.

The spatial extent of the project boundary includes the project power plant and all power plants connected physically to the Serbian national electricity grid where project power plant activity is connected to.



B.4. Description of how the <u>baseline scenario</u> is identified and description of the identified baseline scenario:

Since the proposed project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant/unit, the baseline scenario is the following:

According to:

ACM0002 Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources Version 12.1.0

If the project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant/unit, the baseline scenario is the following:

Electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity would have otherwise been generated by the operation of grid-connected power plants and by the addition of new generation sources, as reflected in



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the combined margin (CM) calculations described in the "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system".

B.5. Description of how the anthropogenic emissions of GHG by sources are reduced below those that would have occurred in the absence of the registered CDM project activity (assessment and demonstration of additionality):

Ad starting date of the proposed project activity (prior consideration of CDM):

The CDM Glossary of Terms, Version 05 defines the start date as follows:

....In light of the above definition, the start date shall be considered to be the date on which the project participant has committed to expenditures related to the implementation or related to the construction of the project activity. This, for example, can be the date on which contracts have been signed for equipment or construction/operation services required for the project activity. Minor pre-project expenses, e.g. the contracting of services /payment of fees for feasibility studies or preliminary surveys, should not be considered in the determination of the start date as they do not necessarily indicate the commencement of implementation of the project.

The project proponent has not yet committed to expenditures related to the implementation or the construction of the project activity.

Ad explanation of how and why this project activity is additional

Methodological Tool Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality Version 05.2

Step 1: Identification of alternatives to the project activity consistent with current laws and regulations

Sub-step 1a: Define alternatives to the project activity:

The CDM Validation and Verification Manual (v 01.2) states:

Identification of alternatives:

(i) Requirement to be validated

105. The PDD shall identify credible alternatives to the project activity in order to determine the most realistic baseline scenario, <u>unless the approved methodology</u> that is selected by the proposed CDM project activity <u>prescribes the baseline scenario</u> and no further analysis is required.

ACM0002 v.12.1.0 (page 4) prescribes the baseline scenario as follows:

If the project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant/unit, the baseline scenario is the following:

Electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity would have otherwise been generated by the operation of grid-connected power plants and by the addition of new generation sources, as reflected in the combined margin (CM) calculations described in the Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system.

Therefore two alternatives are considered for further discussion:



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Alternative 1: The proposed project activity undertaken without being registered as a CDM project

activity.

Alternative 2: Continuation of the current situation (no project activity or other alternatives undertaken).

Sub-step 1b: Consistency with mandatory laws and regulations:

All above mentioned alternatives are in compliance with all mandatory applicable legal and regulatory requirements of Serbia.

Step 2: Investment analysis

Investment analysis is not applied.

Step 3: Barrier analysis

Sub-step 3a: Identify barriers that would prevent the implementation of the proposed CDM project activity:

(c) Barriers due to prevailing practice

For over 20 years no major investment has taken place in Serbia's new power generation capacity. The latest major power plant which went online in 1991 was the Thermal Power Plant Kostolac B2. In relation to wind power the only existing first single wind turbine was installed in April 2011. It is a used 500 kW wind turbine of type Enercon E-40 which was implemented by the municipality of Tutin for demonstration purposes (as demonstrated by a confirmation from the Municipality of Tutin). This has led to the situation that at the start of validation there is no wind power plant in commercial operation in Serbia (as demonstrated by a confirmation from the Serbian Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy). Therefore the project activity classifies for the barrier of "not prevailing practice" or first of its kind.

The Clean Development Mechanism <u>alleviates</u> the identified barrier "first of its kind" by creating substantial additional cash flows and political leverage for the proposed project activity. Such leverage is achieved through the involvement of different institutions in the CDM process (i.e. as a member of the DNA), who are also responsible for some part in the general approval process for the wind power projects.

As by the Information Note on the barrier "first-of-its-kind" of the Meth Panel (MP34 Annex 10), if a project activity is "first-of-its-kind", no additional assessment steps are undertaken to confirm additionality.

Sub-step 3 b: Show that the identified barriers would not prevent the implementation of at least one of the alternatives (except the proposed project activity):

The identified barrier (c) barriers due to prevailing practice or first of its kind does not prevent the alternative "continuation of the current situation (no project activity or other alternatives undertaken)"

Step 4: Common practice analysis



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The proposed project type has demonstrated to be first-of-its kind (according to Sub-step 3a), therefore the above generic additionality tests do not have to be complemented with an analysis of the extent to which the proposed project type (e.g. technology or practice) has already diffused in the relevant sector and region.

Not applicable.

Sub-step 4a: Analyze other activities similar to the proposed project activity:

Sub-step 4b: Discuss any similar Options that are occurring:

B.6. Emission reductions:

B.6.1. Explanation of methodological choices:

According to:

ACM0002 Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources Version 12.1.0

Project emissions

ACM0002 Version 12.1.0 states that "For most renewable power generation project activities, PEy = 0". The only exceptions to this rule are project activities involving energy generation based on geothermal, solar thermal and hydro power.

The project activity does not involve any of the above mentioned technologies. Thus according to *ACM0002 Version 12.1.0*:

 $PE_v = 0$

Baseline emissions

Baseline emissions include only CO_2 emissions from electricity generation in fossil fuel fired power plants that are displaced due to the project activity. The methodology assumes that all project electricity generation above baseline levels would have been generated by existing grid-connected power plants and the addition of new grid-connected power plants. The baseline emissions are to be calculated as follows:

$$BE_{y} = EG_{PJ,y} \cdot EF_{grid,CM,y}$$
 (1)

Where:

 BE_y = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO_2/yr)

 $EG_{PJ,y}$ = Quantity of net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result

of the implementation of the CDM project activity in year y (MWh/yr)

 $EF_{grid,CM,y}$ = Combined margin CO_2 emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y

calculated using the latest version of the "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an

electricity system" (tCO₂/MWh)

Calculation of EG_{PJ,y}

The calculation of $EG_{PJ,y}$ is different for (a) greenfield plants, (b) retrofits and replacements, and (c) capacity additions.

The proposed project activity is a greenfield wind power plant therefore (a) applies.



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(a) Greenfield renewable energy power plants

If the project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant/unit at a site where no renewable power plant was operated prior to the implementation of the project activity, then:

$$EG_{pJ,y} = EG_{facility,y}$$
 (2)

Where:

 $EG_{PJ,y}$ = Quantity of net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result

of the implementation of the CDM project activity in year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{facility,y}$ = Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in

year y (MWh/yr)

<u>Calculation of</u> EF_{grid,CM,y}

The combined margin CO_2 emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y $EF_{grid,CM,y}$ is calculated applying the *Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system, Version 02.1.0* according to the following steps:

STEP 1: Identify the relevant electricity systems

For the purpose of determining the electricity emission factor, a project electricity system is defined by the spatial extent of the power plants that are physically connected through transmission and distribution lines to the project activity and that can be dispatched without significant transmission constraints. In the case of the proposed project activity, the connected grid is the Serbian national grid and all connected power plants (without significant transmission constraints) are included in the project boundary.

STEP 2: Choose whether to include off-grid power plants in the project electricity system (optional) Only grid power plants are included in the calculation, Option I.

STEP 3. Select a method to determine the operating margin (OM)

The Simple Operating Margin method is applied.

Justification:

Low-cost/must-run resources, namely hydro power, constitute less than 50% of total grid generation in average of the five most recent years. Years 2006-2010 have been used as the five most recent years (see Annex 3 for further details).

The emission factor is fixed with *ex ante* option.

STEP 4: Calculate the operating margin emission factor according to the selected method

The simple OM is calculated applying option A resp. A1 except for the district heating plants (Combined Heat and Power plants, CHPs) delivering also electricity to the Serbian grid, for which option A2 is chosen.

Justification for all power plants except the above mentioned CHPs:

Fuel consumption and net electricity generation is available per power unit m.



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$$EF_{grid,OMsimple,y} = \frac{\sum_{m} EG_{m,y} \cdot EF_{EL,m,y}}{\sum_{m} EG_{m,y}}$$
(3)

Where:

 $EF_{grid,OMsimple,y}$ = Simple operating margin CO_2 emission factor in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

 $EG_{m,y}$ = Net quantity of electricity generated and delivered to the grid by power unit m in year

y(MWh)

 $EF_{EL,m,y}$ = CO_2 emission factor of power unit m in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

= All power units serving the grid in year y except low-cost / must-run power units

= The relevant year as per the data vintage chosen in Step 3 y

The emission factor of each power unit *m* is determined as follows

$$EF_{EL,m,y} = \frac{\sum_{i} FC \cdot NCV_{i,y} \cdot EF_{CO2,i,y}}{EG_{m,y}}$$
(4)

Where:

 $EF_{EL,m,y}$ = CO_2 emission factor of power unit m in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

 $FC_{i,m,y}$ = Amount of fossil fuel type i consumed by power unit m in year y (Mass or volume unit)

= Net calorific value (energy content) of fossil fuel type i in year y (GJ/mass or volume $NCV_{i,v}$

 $EF_{CO2,i,y}$ = CO_2 emission factor of fossil fuel type i in year y (tCO_2/GJ)

= Net quantity of electricity generated and delivered to the grid by power unit m in year $EG_{m,y}$

v(MWh)

= All power units serving the grid in year y except low-cost/must-run power units m

i = All fossil fuel types combusted in power unit m in year y = The relevant year as per the data vintage chosen in Step 3 y

Justification for the above mentioned CHPs:

No information is available for the fuel consumption that can be attributed to the electricity generation only. Therefore Option A2 for the calculation of EF_{EL,m,i,y} is used. The default efficiency factor for combined cycle plants in the table in Annex 1 of the Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system, Version 02.1.0 is used as a source for the energy conversion efficiency $\eta_{m,v}$.

$$EF_{EL,m,y} = \frac{EF_{CO2,m,i,y} \cdot 3.6}{\eta_{m,y}}$$
 (5)

Where:

= CO_2 emission factor of power unit m in year y (tCO_2/MWh) $EF_{EL,m,y}$ = CO_2 emission factor of fossil fuel type i in year y (tCO_2/GJ) $EF_{CO2,m,i,y}$

= Average net energy conversion efficiency of power unit m in year y (ratio) $\eta_{m,y}$

= All power units serving the grid in year y except low-cost/must-run power units m

= The relevant year as per the data vintage chosen in Step 3 y

All relevant parameters to carry out the calculations are provided under B6.2 and Annex 3.



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STEP 5: Identify the group of power units to be included in the build margin (BM)

The sample group of power units m used to calculate the build margin consists of:

• the set of five power units that have been built most recently;

Justification

This set of power units comprises the larger annual generation (see Annex 3 for details)

In terms of vintage of data Option 1 is chosen.

STEP 6: Calculate the build margin emission factor

The build margin emission factor is the generation-weighted average emission factor (tCO₂/MWh) of all power units m during the most recent year y for which power generation data is available, calculated as follows:

$$EF_{grid,BM,y} = \frac{\sum_{m} EG_{m,y} \times EF_{EL,m,y}}{\sum_{m} EG_{m,y}}$$
 (6)

Where

 $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ = Build margin CO_2 emission factor in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

 $EG_{m,y}$ = Net quantity of electricity generated and delivered to the grid by power unit m in year

y(MWh)

 $EF_{EL,m,y}$ = CO_2 emission factor of power unit m in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

m = Power units included in the build margin

y = Most recent historical year for which power generation data is available

STEP 7: Calculate the combined margin (CM) emissions factor.

The combined margin emission factor was calculated as the weighted average of the Operating Margin emission factor ($EF_{grid,OM,y}$) and the Build Margin emission factor ($EF_{grid,BM,y}$):

$$EF_{grid,CM,y} = EF_{grid,OM,y} \times w_{OM} + EF_{grid,BM,y} \times w_{BM}$$
(7)

 $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ = Build margin CO_2 emission factor in year y (tCO_2/MWh) $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ = Operating margin CO_2 emission factor in year y (tCO_2/MWh)

 w_{OM} , = Weighting of operating margin emissions factor (%) w_{BM} = Weighting of build margin emissions factor (%)

For w_{OM} , and w_{BM} 0.75 and 0.25 is used

Justification

These default values are prescribed for wind and solar generation project activities.

According to:

ACM0002 Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources Version 12.1.0



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Leakage emissions

No leakage emissions are considered. The main emissions potentially giving rise to leakage in the context of electric sector projects are emissions arising due to activities such as power plant construction and upstream emissions from fossil fuel use (e.g. extraction, processing, transport). These emissions sources are neglected.

No leakage emissions are considered in the proposed project activity.

B.6.2. Data and parameters that are available at validation:

(Copy this table for each data and parameter)

Data / Parameter:	$FC_{i,m,y}, FC_{i,y}, FC_{i,k,y}$
Data unit:	Mass or volume unit
Description:	Amount of fossil fuel type i consumed by power plant / unit m , k (or in the project electricity system in case of $FC_{i,v}$) in year y.
Source of data used:	Power Generation Data provided by DNA
Value applied:	See details in Annex 3
Justification of the	Officially (DNA) provided data
choice of data or	
description of	
measurement methods	
and procedures actually	
applied:	
Any comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	$\eta_{m,y}$
Data unit:	ratio
Description:	Average net energy conversion efficiency of power unit <i>m</i> in year <i>y</i>
Source of data used:	The default values provided in the table in Annex 1 of the <i>Tool to calculate the</i>
	emission factor
Value applied:	See details in Annex 3
Justification of the	The default efficiency factor for combined cycle plants in the table in Annex 1
choice of data or	of the Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system, Version
description of	02.1.0 is used, as no information is available for the fuel consumption that can
measurement methods	be attributed to the electricity generation only.
and procedures actually	
applied:	
Any comment:	Used only for the calculation of EF _{CO2,m,i,y} for the Combined Heat and Power
	plants delivering electricity to the grid.

Data / Parameter:	$NCV_{i,y}$
Data unit:	GJ/mass or volume unit
Description:	Net calorific value (energy content) of fossil fuel type <i>i</i> in year <i>y</i>
Source of data used:	Power Generation Data provided by DNA
Value applied:	See details in Annex 3
Justification of the	Officially (DNA) provided data
choice of data or	



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description of	
measurement methods	
and procedures actually	
applied:	
Any comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	EF _{CO2,i,y} and EF _{CO2,m,i,y}
Data unit:	tCO ₂ /GJ
Description:	CO_2 emission factor of fossil fuel type i used in power unit m in year y
Source of data used:	Power Generation Data provided by DNA
Value applied:	See details in Annex 3
Justification of the	Officially (DNA) provided data
choice of data or	
description of	
measurement methods	
and procedures actually	
applied:	
Any comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	$EG_{m,y}$, EG_y , $EG_{k,y}$
Data unit:	MWh
Description:	Net electricity generated by power plant/unit m , k or n (or in the project
	electricity system in case of EG_y) in year y or hour h
Source of data used:	Power Generation Data provided by DNA
Value applied:	See details in Annex 3
Justification of the	Officially (DNA) provided data
choice of data or	
description of	
measurement methods	
and procedures actually	
applied:	
Any comment:	-

B.6.3. Ex-ante calculation of emission reductions:

The plant load factor is defined according to the Guidelines for the Reporting and Validation of Plant Load Factors Version 01.

Option (b) was chosen, the plant load factor was determined by a third party.

The proposed project activity will approximately generate 295,968 MWh electricity to the Serbian grid annually. The emission reduction ER_y by the project activity during a given year y is calculated as follows:

 $BE_y = EG_{PJ,y}x \ EF_{grid,CM,y} = 295,968 \ MWh \ x \ 1.123 \ tCO_2/MWh = 332,241 \ tCO_2$



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$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y - LE_y = 332,241 \ tCO_2 - 0 = 332,241 \ tCO_2$$

The emission reductions ER_y by the project activity during a given year y are 332,241 tCO₂ and the total emission reductions in the first crediting period are 2,002,173 tCO₂.

B.6.4 Summary of the ex-ante estimation of emission reductions:

Ex-ante estimation of emission reductions of the project activity in the first crediting period

Year	Estimation of	Estimation of	Estimation of	Estimation of
	project activity Emissions (tonnes of	baseline emissions (tonnes of CO ₂ e)	leakage (tonnes of	overall emission
	CO ₂ e)	(tornies of CO ₂ e)	CO ₂ e)	reductions (tonnes of CO ₂ e)
2013	0	332,241	0	332,241
2014	0	332,241	0	332,241
2015	0	332,241	0	332,241
2016	0	332,241	0	332,241
2017	0	332,241	0	332,241
2018	0	332,241	0	332,241
2019	0	332,241	0	332,241
Total tonnes	0	2,325,685	0	2,325,685
of CO ₂ e				

B.7. Application of the monitoring methodology and description of the monitoring plan:

B.7.1 Data and parameters monitored:

Data / Parameter:	$\mathrm{EG}_{\mathrm{facility,y}}$
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of <u>net electricity</u> generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y
Source of data to be used:	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the high voltage side of the transformer
Value of data applied for the purpose of calculating expected emission reductions in section B.5	295,968
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied:	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system. Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to be applied:	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the national transmission grid operator EMS). In order to ensure plausibility of the





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	data, cross checks with electricity invoices will be made.
Any comment:	This data will be used to calculate direct emission reductions.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{export-facility,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of gross electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the
	grid in year y
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the high voltage side of the
used:	transformer
Value of data applied	295,968
for the purpose of	
calculating expected	
emission reductions in	
section B.5	
Description of	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system.
measurement methods	Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by
and procedures to be	means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower
applied:	than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the
be applied:	national transmission grid operator EMS).
Any comment:	This data will be used to calculate direct emission reductions.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{import-facility,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of electricity consumed by the project plant/unit from the grid in year y
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the high voltage side of the
used:	transformer
Value of data applied	
for the purpose of	
calculating expected	
emission reductions in	
section B.5	
Description of	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system.
measurement methods	Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by
and procedures to be	means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower
applied:	than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the
be applied:	national transmission grid operator EMS).
Any comment:	This data will be used to calculate direct emission reductions.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{export-total,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of total gross electricity generation supplied to the grid metered by a
	joint main meter at the substation in year y (MWh/yr)
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the high voltage side of the





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used:	transformer
Value of data applied	n/a
for the purpose of	
calculating expected	
emission reductions in	
section B.5	
Description of	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system.
measurement methods	Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by
and procedures to be	means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower
applied:	than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the
be applied:	national transmission grid operator EMS).
Any comment:	This parameter will be used for the calculation of the net generated electricity
	only in case also additional wind farms feed electricity into the grid at the
	specified substation.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{project,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of gross electricity generated by the project plant/unit metered by
	individual meters at the point of feed into the substation at the site of the project
	plant in year
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the low voltage side of the
used:	transformer
Value of data applied	n/a
for the purpose of	
calculating expected	
emission reductions in	
section B.5	
Description of	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system.
measurement methods	Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by
and procedures to be	means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower
applied:	than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the
be applied:	national transmission grid operator EMS).
Any comment:	This parameter will be used for the calculation of the net generated electricity
	only in case also additional wind farms feed electricity into the grid at the
	specified substation.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{other-windfarms,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of gross electricity generated by other windfarms that share the transmissions facilities with the project plant metered by individual meters at the point of feed into the substation in year y
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the low voltage side of the
used:	transformer
Value of data applied	n/a
for the purpose of	



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calculating expected emission reductions in section B.5	
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied:	Separate meter(s) in the substation measuring the electricity generation of the other wind farms connected to the same substation as the project activity.
QA/QC procedures to be applied:	The responsibility for the calibration of the meter(s) lays with the project owners of the other windfarms. The meter(s) will be calibrated at least every 3 years according to manufacturer's specifications.
Any comment:	This parameter will be used for the calculation of the net generated electricity only in case also additional wind farms feed electricity into the grid at the specified substation.

Data / Parameter:	EG _{import-total,y}
Data unit:	MWh/yr
Description:	Quantity of electricity imported from the grid metered by a joint main meter at
	the substation year y
Source of data to be	Electricity meter(s) in the substation situated at the high voltage side of the
used:	transformer
Value of data applied	n/a
for the purpose of	
calculating expected	
emission reductions in	
section B.5	
Description of	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording by the SCADA system.
measurement methods	Data will be archived for 2 years following the end of the last crediting period by
and procedures to be	means of electronic and paper backup. The precision of the meter is no lower
applied:	than 0.5s.
QA/QC procedures to	The calibration frequency is according to national standards (Grid Code of the
be applied:	national transmission grid operator EMS).
Any comment:	This parameter will be used for the calculation of the net generated electricity
	only in case also additional wind farms feed electricity into the grid at the
	specified substation.

B.7.2. Description of the monitoring plan:

Management structure and responsibility

Overall responsibility for daily operating and reporting lies with the project proponent. A staff will be defined within the company to carry out the monitoring work (data recording and archiving, quality assurance and quality control of the data, equipment's calibration, scheduled and unscheduled maintenances and adoption of corrective actions, if needed)

Management structure

The manager of the proposed project activity will hold the overall responsibility for the monitoring process, including the follow up of daily operations, definition of personnel involved with the monitoring

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work, revision of the monitored results/data, and quality assurance of measurements and the process of training new staff.

Responsibility of the personnel directly involved

The personnel involved with monitoring will be responsible for carrying out the following tasks:

- Supervise and verify metering and recording: the staff will coordinate internally with other
 departments to ensure and verify adequate metering and recording of data, including power
 delivered to the grid;
- Collection of additional data, sales/invoices: the staff will collect sales receipts and relevant data for monitoring of the proposed project activity;
- Calibration: the staff will coordinate with the responsible organizations to ensure that calibration of the metering instruments is carried out in accordance with national standards (Grid Code of the Serbian Transmission Grid Operator Elektromreža Serbia).
- Data archives: the staff will be responsible for keeping all monitoring data and making it available to the DOE for the verification of emission reductions

Support and third parties participation

The staff will receive support from the CDM experts (internal and/or external) in its responsibilities through the following actions:

- Provide the staff with a calculation template in electronic form for calculation of annual emission reductions;
- Provide specific CDM monitoring instructions to the personnel involved in the project activity's operation;
- Follow-up of the monitoring plan and continuous on demand advice to the staff;
- Compilation of the monitored data and preparation of the monitoring report;
- Coordination with DOEs for the preparation of periodical verifications;

Monitoring equipment and installation:

The quantity of annual electricity delivered to the grid by the proposed project activity ($EG_{export,y}$) and the electricity consumed from the grid by the proposed project activity ($EG_{import,y}$) will be monitored through the bidirectional main meter in the new substation. Any error resulting from the meter shall not exceed 0.5%. All equipment will be in compliance with the national regulations.

If the proposed project activity has to share the same substation or transmission line with some other wind farms, appropriate additional meters will be installed at the project site so that the electricity generation can be monitored for each wind farm separately so as to determine the share of this wind farm of the net supply to the grid.

The net electricity supplied by the project activity will be measured as follows:

$$EG_{facility,y} = EG_{export-facility,y} - EG_{import-facility,y}$$
(8)

Where:



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 $EG_{facility,y}$ = Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{export-facility,y} = Quantity of gross electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in$

year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{import\text{-}facility,y} = Quantity of electricity consumed by the project plant/unit from the grid in year y$

(MWh/yr)

In case in the future other wind farms supply electricity to the grid at the same substation as the project activity and their electricity generation will be measured by the same meter as it is used for the monitoring of electricity generation of the current project activity, additional existing meters will be utilized to separate the amounts of electricity generated by the different wind farms. In this case the parameters $EG_{export-facility,y}$ and $EG_{import-facility,y}$ will be calculated as follows:

$$EG_{export-facility,y} = EG_{export-total,y} \times \frac{EG_{project,y}}{(EG_{project,y} + EG_{other-windfarms,y})}$$
(9)

Where:

 $EG_{export-facility,y} = Quantity of gross electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in$

year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{export-total,y}$ = Quantity of total gross electricity generation supplied to the grid metered by a joint

main meter at the substation in year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{project,y}$ = Quantity of gross electricity generated by the project plant/unit metered by individual

meters at the site of the project plant in year y (MWh/yr)

 $EG_{other-windfarms,y}$ = Quantity of gross electricity generated by other windfarms that share the transmissions

facilities with the project plant metered by individual meters in year y (MWh/yr)

$$EG_{import-facility,y} = EG_{import-total,y}$$
 (10)

Where:

 $EG_{import\text{-}facility,y}$ = Quantity of electricity consumed by the project plant/unit from the grid in year y

(MWh/yr)

 $EG_{import-total,y}$ = Quantity of electricity imported from the grid in metered by a joint main meter at the

substation year y (MWh/yr)

This approach is flexible to accommodate potential future installations which also share transmission facilities with the proposed project activity.

Data monitoring and management

The quantity of annual electricity delivered to the grid by the proposed project activity ($EG_{export-facility,y}$) and the electricity purchased from the grid by the proposed project activity ($EG_{import-facility,y}$) will be monitored. The net electricity generation is electricity delivered to the grid minus electricity purchased from the grid.

All monitoring data and records will be archived in electronic format as well as on paper. The electronic documents will be backed up on compact disc or hard disc. The project proponent will also keep copies of sales receipts and prepare a periodic monitoring report, which includes the net electricity generation, the monitoring data summary, the calibration records and the emission reductions calculation.



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Quality control

Calibration

All metering equipment will be properly calibrated according to the relevant national calibration standard, the Grid Code of the Serbian Transmission Grid Operator Elektromreža Serbia (EMS). Currently the frequency specified in this Grid Code is annual calibration. The main commercial meter on the 110kV side of the transformer will be in ownership of EMS, thus EMS will also be responsible for the calibration of this meter.

Emergency treatment

When the main meter has a break down, the net electricity supplied to the grid will be determined from the readings of the separate meters at the site of the project plant deducting line losses. Those meters will be installed and maintained by the project proponent, who is also responsible for the calibration which will again follow the procedures of the Grid Code of EMS. Any error resulting from the meters shall not exceed 0.5%.

B.8. Date of completion of the application of the baseline study and monitoring methodology and the name of the responsible person(s)/entity(ies):

Date of completion of the baseline study and monitoring methodology: 04/08/2011

Contact information of the entity and persons responsible:

Energy Changes Projektentwicklung GmbH (EC) and Plus Ultra Asset Management GmbH (PUAM) prepared the PDD. EC and PUAM are project participants. Contact information is given in Annex 1.

The persons preparing the documentation were:

Mr. Clemens Plöchl <u>clemens.ploechl@energy-changes.com</u>

Mr. Oliver Percl oliver.percl@energy-changes.com

Mr. Clemens Hüttner c.huettner@puam.eu

SECTION C. Duration of the project activity / crediting period

C.1. Duration of the project activity:

C.1.1. Starting date of the project activity:

The start date of the project activity will be the ordering of the wind turbines, which is expected to happen on 01/03/2012.

C.1.2. Expected operational lifetime of the project activity:

25y-0m.



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C.2. Choice of the <u>crediting period</u> and related information:				
C.2.1.	Renewable crediting period:			
	C.2.1.1.	Starting date of the first <u>crediting period</u> :		
01/01/2013 or the date of registration, whichever is later.				
	C.2.1.2.	Length of the first <u>crediting period</u> :		
7 0				
7y-0m				
C.2.2.	Fixed crediting period:			
C.2.2.	I Incu ci cui	and period.		
	C.2.2.1.	Starting date:		
XI . 11 11				
Not applicable				
	C.2.2.2.	Length:		

Not applicable

SECTION D. Environmental impacts

D.1. Documentation on the analysis of the environmental impacts, including transboundary impacts:

According to the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment ("OJ RS", No 135/04, 36/09) and the Decree on Establishing the List of Projects that May Require Environmental Impact Assessment ("OJ RS", No 114/08) an environmental impact assessment is mandatory for wind farms with a total capacity of equal to or above of 50 MW.

D.2. If environmental impacts are considered significant by the project participants or the <u>host Party</u>, please provide conclusions and all references to support documentation of an environmental impact assessment undertaken in accordance with the procedures as required by the <u>host Party</u>:

During the Detailed Planning Regulation (DPR), a strategic Environmental Impact Assessment has been conducted. The report for this assessment has been based on a desktop study according to the requirements of the relevant procedures. The assessment was approved and the DPR was finalized.

Since 2009 the monitoring of birds and bats has taken place at the project location. This monitoring forms the basis for the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment report has been finalized in July 2011 and follows all Serbian regulatory requirements.



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SECTION E. Stakeholders' comments

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E.1. Brief description how comments by local stakeholders have been invited and compiled:

The public consultation took place on October 11th, 2010 in the Municipality of Plandiste.

Local stakeholders were identified in cooperation with the municipality and personally invited to the meeting. 31 participants attended the meeting, which was also filmed and broadcasted in local TV.

E.2. Summary of the comments received:

Concerns were raised regarding the impact of the project activity on bees and apiculture production, as well as regarding damage to surrounding parcels during construction.

E.3. Report on how due account was taken of any comments received:

All concerns were dealt with right at the stakeholder consultation meeting. The project proponent stressed that according to the analysis of existing projects comparable to the planned project activity there will be absolutely no impact on bees.

The project proponent further explained the measures taken to avoid any damage to parcels surrounding the land rented for construction of the turbines and assured that there will be proper compensation in the unlikely case of any damage.



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Annex 1

CONTACT INFORMATION ON PARTICIPANTS IN THE $\underline{PROJECT\ ACTIVITY}$

Organization:	Wind Park Plandiste doo
Street/P.O.Box:	Laudonovac
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City:	Margita, Plandiste
State/Region:	
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Country:	Serbia
Telephone:	
FAX:	
E-Mail:	
URL:	
Represented by:	Mrs Maja Turkovic
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Salutation:	
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FAX:	
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URL:	www.energy-changes.com
Represented by:	Mr. Clemens Plöchl
Title:	Managing Partner
Salutation:	Mr.
Last name:	Plöchl
Middle name:	
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Department:	
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Represented by:	Mr. Clemens Hüttner
Title:	Managing Partner
Salutation:	Mr.
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Annex 2

INFORMATION REGARDING PUBLIC FUNDING

There is no public funding from Annex I Parties for the proposed project activity.



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Annex 3

BASELINE INFORMATION

The detailed calculations and input assumptions of the parameter $EF_{grid,CM,y}$ according to the *Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system Version 02.1.0* are provided in a separate excel sheet $PDD_WindFarmPlandiste1$ -GEFSerbiaV2-20110804.xls.

Annex 4

MONITORING INFORMATION

The monitoring details for the project activity have been mentioned in section B.7 of this PDD.

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